

RE Medium Term Curriculum Map

Year B

Skills: Knowing – Interpreting – Expressing - Reflecting

Long-term memory development strategies:

- Regularly revisiting and recapping prior learning at the start of each new topic to strengthen understanding and support recall of key religious knowledge and concepts.
- Embedding long-term memory through weekly opportunities to revisit and reflect on the **big question** for each unit, enabling pupils to develop skills in questioning, interpretation, and making connections across their learning.

	Autumn Term 1	Autumn Term 2	Spring Term 1	Spring Term 2	Summer Term 1	Summer Term 2
Ruby Class R/N	Christianity Who made the wonderful world and why?	Christianity Why is Christmas special for Christians?	Christianity Why do Christians believe Jesus is special?	Christianity What is so special about Easter?	Christianity / Islam What makes a place special?	_Christianity / Islam / Judaism What can we learn from stories?
St John’s Church	Core concepts Creation	Core concepts Incarnation	Core Concept Incarnation	Core Concept Salvation	Key concepts/ideas explored	Key concepts/ideas explored
Christmas Experience	Key concepts/ideas explored - Christians believe God created the world - The world is special and should be cared for - Creation stories help people think about where the world came from - People can show care and kindness towards the world	Key concepts/ideas explored - Christmas celebrates the birth of Jesus - Christians believe Jesus is God’s special gift to the world - Christmas is a time for love, giving and celebration - The Nativity story is important to Christians	Key concepts/ideas explored - Christians believe Jesus is the Son of God - Jesus showed love, kindness and forgiveness - Stories about Jesus are found in the Bible - Christians believe Jesus helps people understand God	Key concepts/ideas explored - Easter is an important Christian celebration - Christians remember Jesus’ death and resurrection - Easter is a time of hope, new life and celebration - Easter stories are found in the Bible	- Places can be special because of people’s beliefs and experiences - Christians and Muslims have special places for worship and community - Churches and mosques are places where people pray and gather - Special places can help people feel connected to their faith	- Religious stories teach people about beliefs and values - Christians, Muslims and Jewish people use stories to learn about God and how to live - Stories can teach kindness, courage, forgiveness and helping others - Different religions have important stories that are shared across generations
Easter Experience						
Willow Farm ‘Awe & Wonder’	Key Religious Vocabulary God Creation Creator World Nature Care Thank you Bible	Key Religious Vocabulary Christmas Jesus Baby Nativity Mary Joseph Bethlehem Angel Shepherd Gift	Key Religious Vocabulary Jesus God Son of God Bible Christian Love Kindness Forgiveness Disciple	Key Religious Vocabulary - Easter - Jesus - Cross - Resurrection - Church - Bible - Disciples - New life - Celebration	Key Religious Vocabulary Christian Islam / Muslim Church Mosque Prayer Worship Community Special place Holy	Key Religious Vocabulary Christianity Islam Judaism Bible Qur’an Torah Prophet God Story Teaching
	Reflection Who do Christians believe made the wonderful world, and how can we care for it?	Reflection Why do Christians celebrate the birth of Jesus at Christmas?	Reflection What did Jesus do that shows Christians why he is special?	Reflection Why do Christians think Easter is a special and important time?	Reflection What makes a place special to people of different faiths?	Reflection What can stories teach us about how people should treat each other?

Skills: Knowing – Interpreting – Expressing - Reflecting						
Long-term memory development strategies: - Regularly revisiting and recapping prior learning at the start of each new topic to strengthen understanding and support recall of key religious knowledge and concepts. - Embedding long-term memory through weekly opportunities to revisit and reflect on the big question for each unit, enabling pupils to develop skills in questioning, interpretation, and making connections across their learning.						
Sapphire Class Year 1/2 St John’s Church Christmas Experience Easter Experience Willow Farm ‘Awe & Wonder’ Mosque	Christianity What are some of the important events in a Christian’s life? Core Concept Kingdom of God Key concepts/ideas explored - Christians celebrate important life events through faith and traditions - Baptism, marriage and funerals are important Christian ceremonies - These events mark special moments in a person’s journey - Christian beliefs influence how people celebrate and remember life events Key Religious Vocabulary Christian Baptism Church Prayer Wedding Marriage Funeral Ceremony Celebration Faith Reflection Why are special events and ceremonies important in a Christian’s life?	Christianity How does the symbol of light help Christians to understand Christmas, and how do different Nativity scenes around the world show this? Core Concept Incarnation Key concepts/ideas explored - Light is an important symbol in Christianity, representing Jesus as a guide and hope - Christmas celebrates the birth of Jesus, the “light of the world” for Christians - Nativity scenes show the story of Jesus’ birth in different cultures - Christians around the world celebrate Christmas in different ways Key Religious Vocabulary Christmas Jesus Nativity Light Symbol Incarnation Bethlehem Mary Joseph Shepherds Wise Men Reflection How does the symbol of light help Christians understand the meaning of Christmas?	Judaism How are Jewish festivals celebrated and remembered? Key concepts/ideas explored - Jewish festivals help people remember important events and beliefs - Festivals bring families and communities together - Jewish celebrations include special foods, prayers and traditions - Festivals help Jewish people connect with their history and faith Key Religious Vocabulary Judaism Jewish festival Torah Shabbat Passover (Pesach) Hanukkah Rosh Hashanah Synagogue prayer Reflection How do Jewish festivals help people remember important beliefs and events?	Christianity How do the symbols of Easter help people to understand the meaning of Easter for Christians? Core Concept Salvation Key concepts/ideas explored - Easter symbols help Christians remember the story of Jesus’ death and resurrection - Symbols can communicate important beliefs and ideas - The cross, empty tomb and light are meaningful symbols for Christians - Easter represents hope, new life and God’s love Key Religious Vocabulary Easter Jesus Cross Resurrection Empty tomb Symbol Hope New life Bible Church Reflection How do Easter symbols help Christians understand the story and meaning of Easter?	Islam How do Muslims show commitment to Allah? Key concepts/ideas explored - Muslims show commitment to Allah through worship, actions and daily choices - The Five Pillars guide Muslim life and faith - Prayer, giving to others and caring for the community are important practices - Muslims show devotion through their beliefs and actions Key Religious Vocabulary Islam Muslim Allah Qur’an Five Pillars Salah (prayer) Zakat (giving) Ramadan Hajj Mosque Reflection How do Muslims show their love and commitment to Allah in their everyday lives?	Universal How do people in my community and around the world celebrate important events? Key concepts/ideas explored - People celebrate important events in different ways - Religious and cultural celebrations bring communities together - Festivals often include special foods, music, stories and traditions - Celebrations help people remember important beliefs and events Key Religious Vocabulary celebration festival tradition community culture religion worship ceremony belief respect Reflection Why are important events and celebrations special to people and communities?

Skills: Knowing – Interpreting – Expressing - Reflecting Long-term memory development strategies: - Regularly revisiting and recapping prior learning at the start of each new topic to strengthen understanding and support recall of key religious knowledge and concepts. - Embedding long-term memory through weekly opportunities to revisit and reflect on the big question for each unit, enabling pupils to develop skills in questioning, interpretation, and making connections across their learning.						
Diamond Class Year 3/4 Holy Communion Synagogue Christmas Experience Easter Experience	Christianity How did belief in God affect the actions of people from the Old Testament? Core concepts People of God Key concepts/ideas explored - Old Testament stories show how people responded to God’s guidance - Belief in God influenced choices, actions and relationships - Key figures such as Abraham, Moses and David showed faith and trust in God - Christians and Jews use these stories to learn about faith and obedience Key Religious Vocabulary Old Testament God faith Covenant Prophet obedience promise prayer Commandments Israel Reflection How did belief in God influence the choices and actions of people in the Old Testament?	Christianity Is the Christmas message of Peace still relevant to Today’s world? Core concepts Incarnation Key concepts/ideas explored - Christmas is a time when Christians remember the birth of Jesus and the message of peace - Christians believe Jesus brings hope, love and peace to the world - Peace involves kindness, forgiveness, justice and caring for others - Religious messages can be applied to challenges in the world today Key Religious Vocabulary Christmas Jesus Nativity Peace Hope Love Forgiveness Justice angel worship Reflection How can the Christmas message of peace inspire people to make the world a better place today?	Hindu Dharma How do Hindus worship? Key concepts/ideas explored - Hindus worship in different ways, at home and in the mandir (temple) - Worship helps Hindus develop a relationship with God and show devotion - Puja is an important act of Hindu worship involving prayers, offerings and rituals - Hindu worship can include music, meditation and stories about deities Key Religious Vocabulary Hinduism Hindu Brahman Deity Mandir Puja prayer Aarti Shrine Diwali Reflection How do Hindu acts of worship help believers show their devotion?	Christianity Global perspective Why might sharing Holy Communion help people feel they belong together? Core concepts Salvation Key concepts/ideas explored - Holy Communion is an important Christian practice that remembers Jesus’ Last Supper - Sharing Communion can bring Christians together as a community - Communion helps Christians remember Jesus’ sacrifice and teachings - Worship and shared traditions can create a sense of belonging Key Religious Vocabulary Holy Communion Eucharist Last Supper Jesus Disciples bread wine worship church community Reflection How does sharing Holy Communion help Christians feel connected to Jesus and to each other?	Hindu Dharma What does it mean to be a Hindu? Key concepts/ideas explored - Hinduism is a religion with many traditions, beliefs and practices - Hindus believe in Brahman (the ultimate reality) and worship through different deities - Hindu beliefs influence daily life, worship and choices - Family, festivals and traditions are important parts of Hindu identity Key Religious Vocabulary Hinduism Hindu Brahman Deity Mandir Puja Dharma Karma Reincarnation Diwali Reflection How do Hindu beliefs and practices help Hindus live their lives?	Universal What inspires people to make the world a more just place? Key concepts/ideas explored - People are inspired by beliefs, values and experiences to create change - Justice means fairness, equality and standing up for what is right - Religious and non-religious people work to help others and improve the world - Actions such as kindness, charity and campaigning can make a difference Key Religious Vocabulary Justice Equality Fairness Compassion service charity human rights responsibility peace community Reflection What inspires people to stand up for what is right and make the world a better place?

Skills: Knowing – Interpreting – Expressing - Reflecting						
Long-term memory development strategies:						
- Regularly revisiting and recapping prior learning at the start of each new topic to strengthen understanding and support recall of key religious knowledge and concepts. - Embedding long-term memory through weekly opportunities to revisit and reflect on the big question for each unit, enabling pupils to develop skills in questioning, interpretation, and making connections across their learning.						
Emerald class	Christianity	Christianity	Buddhism	Christianity	Christianity	Universal
Year 5/6 Holy Communion Christmas Experience Easter Experience Sikh Temple	What might the journey of life and death look like from a Christian perspective? Key concepts/ideas explored - People are inspired by beliefs, values and experiences to challenge injustice - Religious and non-religious individuals work for justice, equality and peace - Faith can motivate people to serve others and create change - Individuals have responsibility to make positive choices in the world Key Religious Vocabulary Justice Equality Human rights Compassion charity service activism responsibility peace faith Reflection How can our beliefs and values inspire us to stand up for what is right?	Can science and religion work together? Core concepts Creation Key concepts/ideas explored - Science and religion are two ways people explore questions about the world and life - Some people see science and religion as working together to understand different aspects of existence - Religious beliefs can influence how people think about meaning, purpose and responsibility - Scientific discoveries can raise questions about creation, life and the universe - People have different views about the relationship between science and religion Key Religious Vocabulary science religion belief evidence creation universe faith discovery interpretation Worldview Reflection How can science and religion work together to help people understand the world?	What does it mean to be a Buddhist? Key concepts/ideas explored - Buddhism is a way of life based on the teachings of the Buddha - Buddhists seek to live wisely, peacefully and compassionately - Buddhist beliefs influence choices, actions and how people treat others - Meditation, kindness and mindfulness are important parts of Buddhist life Key Religious Vocabulary Buddhism Buddhist Buddha Dharma Four Noble Truths Eightfold Path meditation Karma Compassion Enlightenment Reflection How do Buddhist beliefs and practices help Buddhists live a peaceful and meaningful life?	How does the Christian festival of Easter offer Hope? Core concepts Salvation Key concepts/ideas explored - Easter is the most important Christian festival because it celebrates Jesus’ resurrection - Christians believe Jesus’ resurrection shows victory over death and brings hope of new life - The Easter story includes themes of sacrifice, forgiveness, love and renewal - Christian beliefs about hope influence how believers respond to challenges and difficulties Key Religious Vocabulary - Easter - Resurrection - Crucifixion - Jesus - Salvation - Hope - Forgiveness - Redemption - Sacrifice - New life Reflection Why do Christians believe the Easter story brings hope to the world?	How has the Christian message of survived for over 2000 years? Core concepts Incarnation – Kingdom of God Key concepts/ideas explored - Christianity has continued through teaching, worship and communities across generations - The Bible has helped preserve and share Christian beliefs and stories - Mission, evangelism and the actions of believers have spread the Christian message around the world - Christian beliefs have adapted to different cultures while keeping key teachings - The life, death and resurrection of Jesus remain central to Christian faith Key Religious Vocabulary Christianity Gospel Bible Jesus Resurrection Disciple Mission Evangelism Church Tradition Reflection Why do you think the Christian message has continued to inspire people for over 2000 years?	What does it mean to live well together? Key concepts/ideas explored - Living well together means showing respect, kindness and understanding towards others - Communities are stronger when people value diversity and work together - People’s beliefs, values and experiences shape how they treat others - Peace, fairness and cooperation help create a better society - Everyone has a responsibility to contribute positively to their community Key Vocabulary Respect Equality Diversity Community Compassion Justice Peace Responsibility Values Belonging Reflection What values and actions help people live well together in a diverse world?